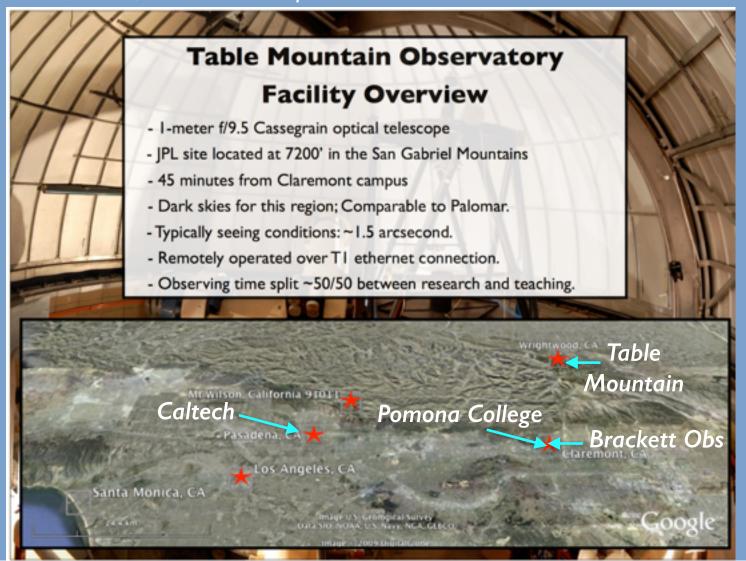
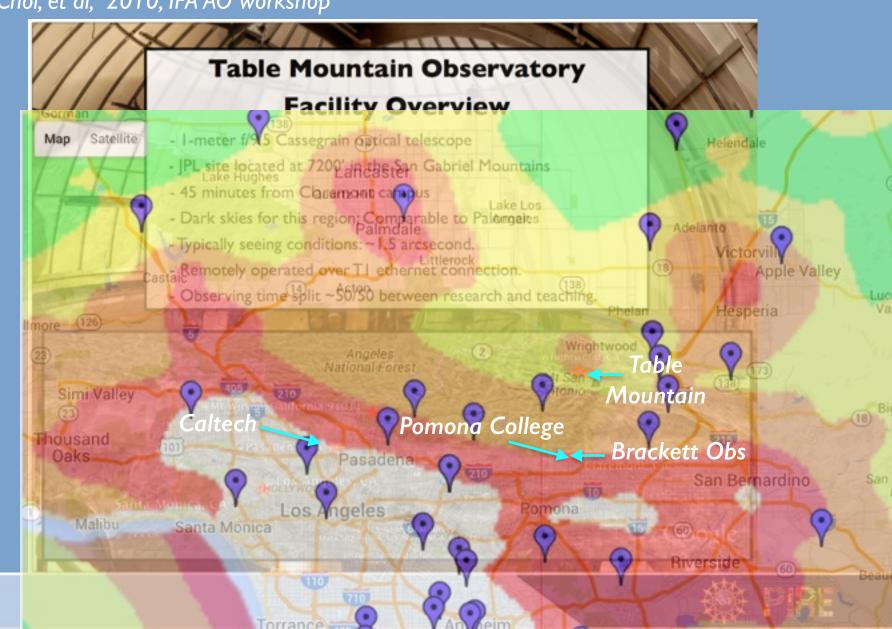
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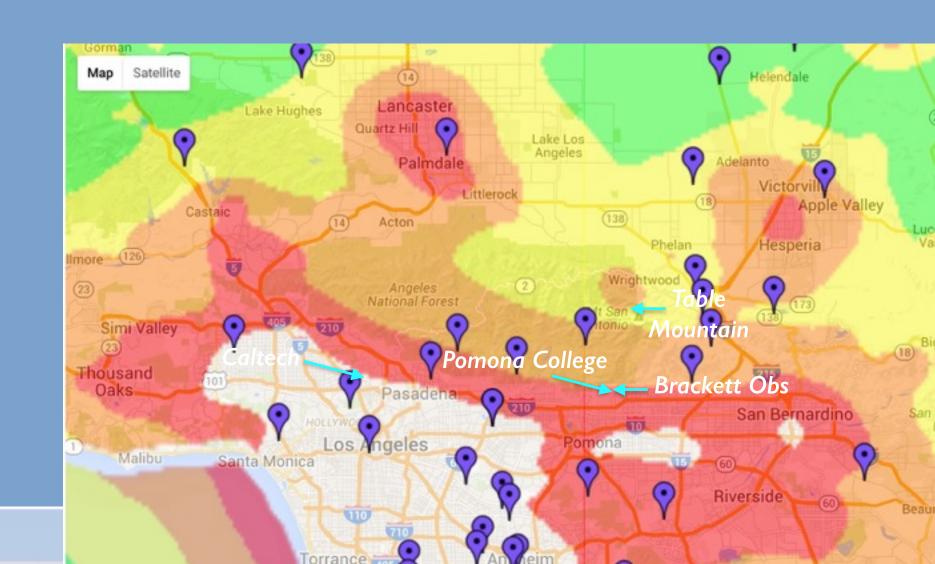




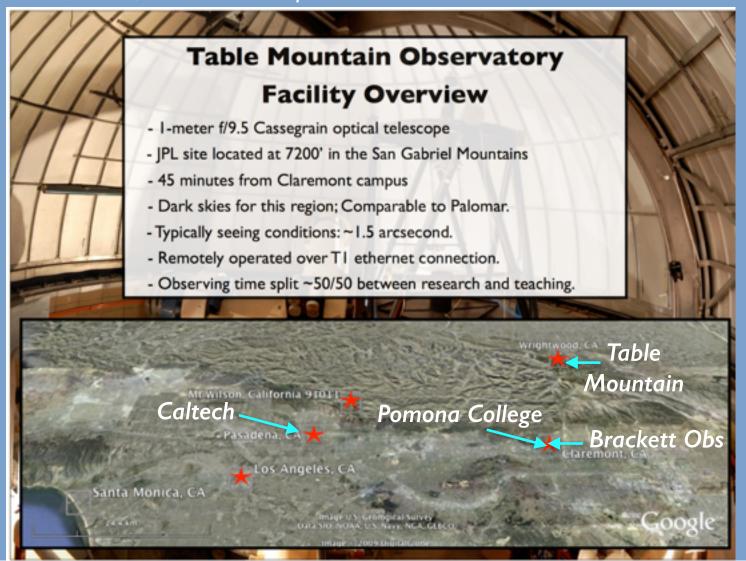
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Bryan Penprase, Pomona College



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Bryan Penprase, Pomona College

Located at Pomona College in Claremont, CA - 2x14" (0.3-meter) telescopes, with computer control

Brackett Observatory



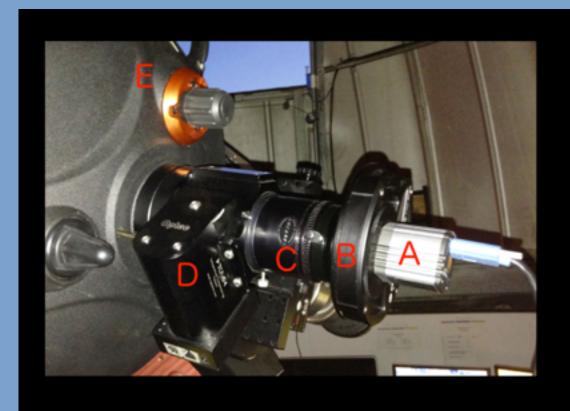






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niche: solar system (bright) objects; high resolution imaging "Lucky" imaging system



Letter	Component
A	Skyris Camera
В	Skyris Filter Wheel
C	Antares 1.6x Barlow Lens
D	Optec TCF-S Focuser
E	Celestron C14





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all images taken by Franklin Marsh (PO '18) at Brackett Observatory





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Table Mountain Observatory







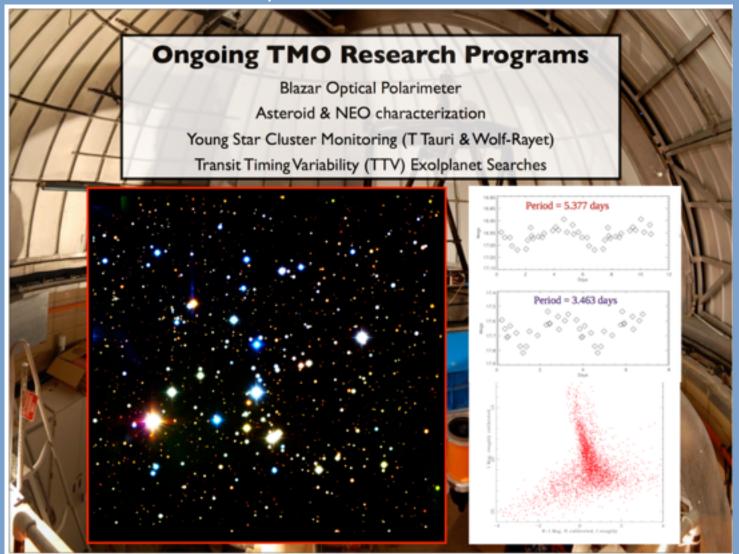
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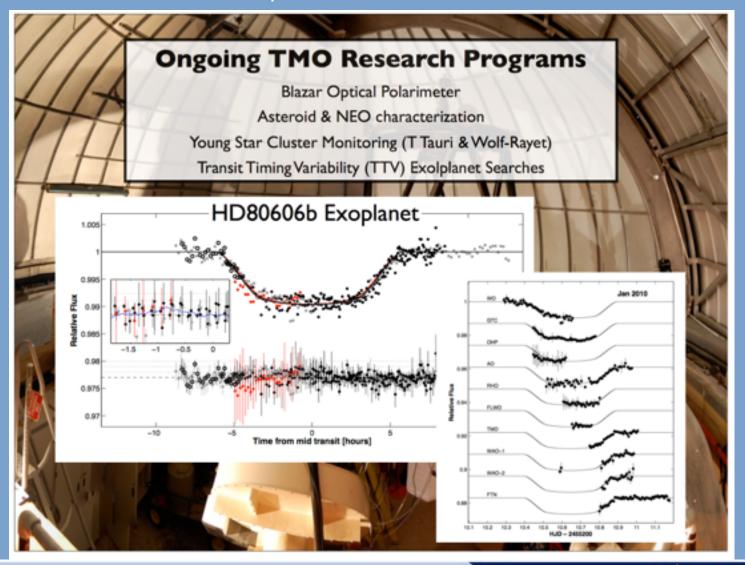


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From Choi, et al, 2010, IFA AO workshop









KaPAO-Cam: A Pomona Adaptive Optics Camera The development of KaPAO-Cam is supported by a 4-year NSF MRJ-R2 grant 0960343

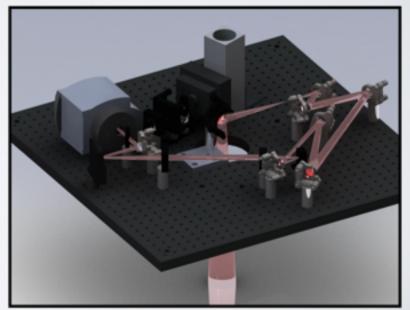
Senior Design Team

Philip Choi (Pomona) Scott Severson (Sonoma) Christoph Baranec (Caltech) Erik Spjut (HMC)

Senior Science Team

Bryan Penprase (Pomona) Anne Metevier (Sonoma) Mark Ammons (Arizona) Ann Esin (HMC)









Bryan Penprase, Pomona College

From Choi, et al, 2010, IFA AO workshop

Robo-AO is an excellent platform for student research



- Caltech graduate students
 - S. Tendulkar (dissertation) hardware development + science
 - M. Kasliwal and T. Morton on science planning team
- IUCAA undergraduates
 - Designing, building, testing electronics
- Summer undergraduates at Caltech (7 so far)
 - Developing software (motion control, web status monitoring, queue, scheduling, communications, data reduction pipeline, ...)

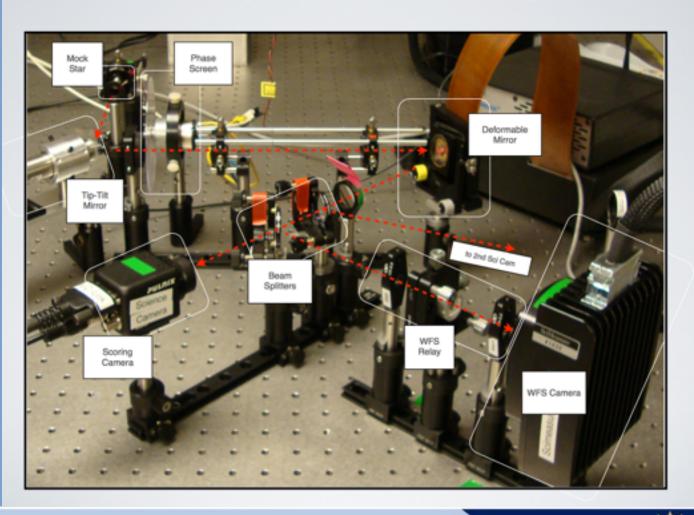




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From Choi, et al, 2010, IFA AO workshop

Lab Testbed: Robo-AO w/o the Laser



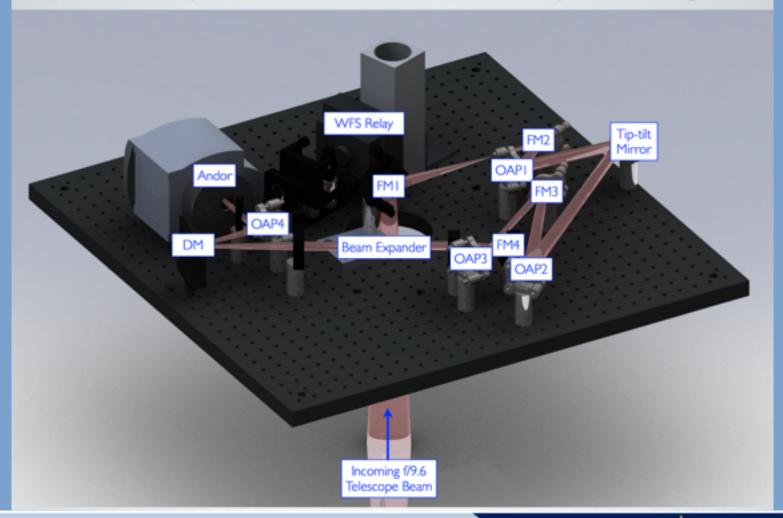




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From Choi, et al, 2010, IFA AO workshop

KaPAO Alpha: An Off-the-Shelf OAP Optical Design







Bryan Penprase, Pomona College







Bryan Penprase, Pomona College

55 arcmin FOV, 0.7" pixels, typical seeing - 0.5-0.7 arcseconds!

LCRO is a completely robotic telescope that can be operated remotely from any location with internet access using a web browser. The optical system includes the following.



Instruments

Telescope: 305 mm Makutsov Cassegrain F/8 from Astro Physics.

Mount: Astro Physics model 1600 GTO.

Main Camera: CCD from Finger Lakes Instruments (FLI) PL 16803.

Filters: FLI model CFW-3-10 filter wheel containing Astrodon

L, R, G, B, H-alpha, O-III, S-II and Sloan g', r', i'.

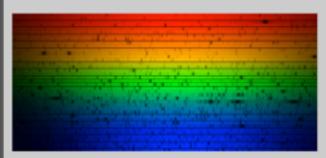
Focuser: Finger Lakes Instrument Atlas model.





CTIO Home » Astronomers » Instruments » Optical Spectrographs » CHIRON

CHIRON



CHIRON Instrument

Observing

Software Documentation

Technical Documents & Memos

Electronics

Papers on CHIRON

<u>CHIRON</u> is a highly stable cross-dispersed echelle spectrometer at the SMARTS 1.5m telescope. It is fed by fiber and intended primarily for *precise radial velocities*.

- Spectral resolution R~80000 (with image slicer: normal or lodine mode) or R~25000 (fiber mode) or R~140000 (narrow-slit, bright stars), 3-pixel sampling
- · Spectral range 410-870 nm, fixed
- Total efficiency ~6%

CHIRON is operational since 2011B. After recent upgrade, it is back in service since March 2012. CHIRON replaces the previous spectrometer at 1.5m, <u>FIBER ECHELLE</u>

Yale-NUS Telescope Resources:

0.12-meterCelestronTelescope

CHIR

- Celestron Imager
- Binoculars
- Yale-NUS
 Time on
 SMARTS
 CTIO
 telescopes!



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SMARTS 1.3m telescope

About the 1.3m telescope

The 1.3-m telescope was previously the 2MASS southern telescope before SMARTS took over its operation. A permanently-mounted, dual-channel, optical-IR imager called ANDICAM takes simultaneous optical and infrared data on the SMARTS 1.3-m telescope. The 1.3-m is operated entirely in service / queue mode.

ANDICAM has been in regular operations at the 1.3-m since February 2003 by the SMARTS Consortium. Previously, it had been operated in queue mode on the 1.0-m (YALO Consortium) with the optical detector since the 1998B semester. The IR array was installed in July 1999. ANDICAM was constructed by the Ohio State astronomical instrumentation group led by Darren DePoy and its construction was funded in part by the National Science Foundation.

ANDICAM takes simultaneous optical and infrared data by using a dichroic with a CCD and a HgCdTe array. A moveable mirror allows dithering in the IR while an optical exposure is going on. ANDICAM is operated by the Prospero control software. It also has a twin--DANDICAM (Dutch ANDICAM)--that is used on a 1m telescope in South Africa. With ANDICAM one can obtain UBVRIJHK photometry within a 6 arcmin (optical) or 1 arcmin (near-IR) field.

ANDICAM Resources